Use of The Information Standard’s Member Logos

Choosing your logo
The Information Standard has four logo versions for its members. They are designed to fit neatly on your printed and online information material according to available space and usage.

V2.0 logos

What about the previous logos?
The previous member logos are still valid while they remain in circulation. We are looking to phase them out. When producing new information products, or reviewing and updating products please use the logos shown above.

Previous logos

Health & care information you can trust

The Information Standard
✓ Certified Member
✓ The Information Standard Certified Member
✓ The Information Standard Certified Member
✓ The Information Standard Certified Member

Working together for better patient information
The chance to travel for a holiday or for work is important for people with kidney disease, just like everyone else. But people with kidney disease need to make sure that the travel medicines are right for them. This leaflet gives more information about your travel medicines. For more information ask your doctor or pharmacist.
Can I have Vaccinations?

Up to date information on which vaccines are needed to travel to different areas is available from your GP practice or local pharmacy travel clinic. Make an appointment well in advance as they it can take several weeks to get an appointment, which may be too late to ensure safe travel for your holiday.

If you are on immunosuppressant drugs after a kidney transplant or to treat an autoimmune disease (e.g. vasculitis), it is not safe for you to receive certain holiday vaccines, called ‘live’ vaccines.
Check the list to see if the vaccinations you have been advised to receive before your holiday are safe for you.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Vaccines which are SAFE to receive</th>
<th>'Live' vaccines that you MUST NOT receive</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Diptheria</td>
<td>BCG</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hepatitis A</td>
<td>Measles, mumps and rubella</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hepatitis B</td>
<td>Oral polio</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Immunoglobulins</td>
<td>Oral typhoid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Influenza (flu) injection</td>
<td>Influenza (flu) nasal spray</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(only licensed for under 18s)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Meningococcus</td>
<td>Yellow fever</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pertussis</td>
<td>Rubella</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inactivated Polio injection</td>
<td>Chickenpox</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>('special order only’)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pneumococcal</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rabies</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tetanus</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Typhoid injection</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Can I take malaria prevention medicines?

Before you travel, it is always best to check with your GP, practice nurse or specialist travel health centre if you need tablets to prevent malaria (malaria prophylaxis), as any tablets recommended will vary depending on the country you are visiting.

If you have kidney disease, your doses of malaria tablets may differ from other travellers. You should always check with your kidney doctor, nurse or pharmacist if you are not sure what dose to take. Some malaria medicines can interact (cause problems) with other medicines. The kidney team will be able to advise you if the malaria prophylaxis is suitable for you.
The following applies to adults only.

**Chloroquine:**

300mg once a week. You will need to take your tablets for one week before travel, whilst away, and four weeks after returning. The dose may need to be reduced if you are on dialysis.

**Proguanil:**

the dose will need to be altered depending on your kidney function. Your kidney team can tell you what your dose should be. You will need to take your tablets for one week before travel, whilst away, and four weeks after returning.

*Chloroquine and Proguanil are available without a prescription from a pharmacy.*

**Atovaquone/Proguanil:**

can be taken if your kidney function is above 30mls/min so check with your kidney team whether it is safe for you to take this. You will need to take your tablets for one or two days before travel, whilst away and for seven days after returning.

**Doxycycline:**

100mg daily for one or two days before travel, whilst away and for four weeks after returning.

**Mefloquine:**

One tablet once a week. You will need to take your tablets starting three weeks before travel, whilst away and four weeks after returning.

*Atovaquone/Proguanil, doxycycline and mefloquine can only be obtained on a private prescription (even if you don’t pay for your prescriptions), but your GP can usually prescribe this for you.*

*The price you pay for your private prescription may vary, so it may be worth shopping around for the best price.*

The above is for guidance only. Patients are advised to seek further information from their own doctor.
You should store your medicines in their original packet in a cool, dry place out of the sight and reach of children.

Do not get rid of any expired or unwanted tablets by flushing them down the toilet or throwing them away. Take them to your local pharmacy who will dispose of them for you.
Where can I find out more information?

- Patient View: [www.patientview.org](http://www.patientview.org) – online access to your health records. Ask your renal unit for details about how to join
- Think kidneys website: [www.thinkkidneys.nhs.uk/ckd/information-for-the-public](http://www.thinkkidneys.nhs.uk/ckd/information-for-the-public)
- Fit for Travel: [www.fitfortravel.nhs.uk](http://www.fitfortravel.nhs.uk)
- National Travel Health Network and Centre (NaTHNaC): [nathnac.net](http://nathnac.net)